# e2v

The data to be read in conjunction with the Hydrogen Thyratron Preamble.

# ABRIDGED DATA

Deuterium-filled, fast recovery, tetrode thyratron, specifically designed for operation under medical linac conditions. A reservoir operating from the cathode heater supply is incorporated.

Peak forward anode voltage	33	kV max
Peak anode current		
Average anode current:		
continuous operation	1.2	5 A max
intermittent operation	2.2	A max

# GENERAL

#### Electrical

Cathode (connected internally

to mid-point of heater)oxide co	ated
Heater voltage	V
Heater current	А
Tube heating time (minimum)5.0	min

#### Mechanical

Overall length	317.5 mm (12.500 inches) max
Overall diameter	84.12 mm (3.312 inches) max
Net weight	0.7 kg (1.5 pounds) approx
	I) any
Base pin spacing as B5F	; metal shell with micalex insert
Top cap (see note 2)	BS448-CT3

Cooling ...... natural

# PULSE MODULATOR SERVICE

#### MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM RATINGS (Absolute values)

	Min	Max	
Anode			
Peak forward anode voltage			
(see note 3)		33	kV
Peak inverse anode voltage (see note 4)		33	kV
Peak anode current		1000	Α
Peak anode current (pulse repetition rate			
limited to 60 pps max)		2000	Α
Average anode current:			
continuous operation		1.25	5 A
intermittent operation		2.2	Α
Rate of rise of anode current			
(see note 5)		5000	A/μs



#### Grid 2

Min Max

Unloaded grid 2 drive pulse voltage		
(see note 6) 500	1000	V
Grid 2 pulse duration1.0	) -	ms
Rate of rise of grid 2 pulse (see note 5) 1.0	) -	kV/μs
Grid 2 pulse delay 0.5	5 3.0	) µs
Peak inverse grid 2 voltage	450	V
Loaded grid 2 bias voltage0	-150	V
Grid 2 drive impedance50	500	Ω
Grid 2 bias impedance	50	kΩ

#### Grid 1 - DC Primed (See note 7)

DC grid 1 unloaded priming voltage75	150	V
DC grid 1 priming current50	100	mA

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#### MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM RATINGS (Continued)

#### Grid 1 - Pulsed (see note 7)

Min Max

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Unloaded grid 1 drive pulse voltage

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(see note 6)	0 10	000	V
Grid 1 pulse duration	2.0	-	ms
Rate of rise of grid 1 pulse (see note 5)	1.0	-	kV/μs
Peak inverse grid 1 voltage	- 4	450	V
Loaded grid 1 bias voltage		see	note 8
Peak grid 1 drive current			

#### Cathode

Heater voltage6.3	+ 0.2 - 0.3	V
Tube heating time 5.0	-	min

#### Environmental

Ambient temperature50	+90	°C
Altitude		km
-	10000	ft

# CHARACTERISTICS

Ν	<i>l</i> lin	Typical	Мах	
Critical DC anode voltage for conduction (see note 9)	-	0.5	2.0	kV
Anode delay time				
(see notes 9 and 10)	-	0.15	0.25	μs
Anode delay time drift				
(see notes 9 and 11)	-	20	50	ns
Time jitter (see note 9)	-	1.0	5.0	ns
Recovery time see note	12 a	and grap	h, pag	e 3
Heater current (at 6.3 V) 18	8	22	25	А

### RATINGS FOR FAULT CONDITIONS, SINGLE-SHOT OR CROWBAR SERVICE (See note 7)

DC forward anode voltage	30	kV max
Peak anode current	10000	A max
Product of peak current and		
pulse duration	0.6	A.s max
Repetition frequency	1 pulse per	10 s max

## NOTES

- 1. Clamping is only permissible by the base.
- 2. A large area anode connector, e2v technologies type MA360, is recommended.
- 3. The maximum permissible peak forward voltage for instantaneous starting is 33 kV and there must be no overshoot.
- 4. The peak inverse voltage must not exceed 10 kV for the first 25  $\mu$ s after the anode pulse.
- 5. This rate of rise refers to that part of the leading edge of the pulse between 25% and 75% of the pulse amplitude.
- 6. Measured with respect to cathode. In certain cases the maximum drive pulse voltage may be exceeded without damage to the tube; a maximum value of 2.5 kV is then recommended. When grid 1 is pulse driven, the last 0.25  $\mu$ s of the top of the grid 1 pulse must overlap the corresponding first 0.25  $\mu$ s of the top of the delayed grid 2 pulse.
- 7. DC priming is recommended for crowbar service. Grid 1 pre-pulsing is recommended for operating conditions requiring minimum anode delay time drift and minimum jitter.
- DC negative bias voltages must not be applied to grid 1. When grid 1 is pulse driven, the potential of grid 1 may vary between -10 and +5 V with respect to cathode potential during the period between the completion of recovery and the commencement of the succeeding grid pulse.
- 9. Typical figures are obtained on test using conditions of minimum grid drive (pre-pulse on grid 1).
- 10. The time interval between the instant at which the rising unloaded grid 2 pulse reaches 25% of its pulse amplitude and the instant when anode conduction takes place.
- 11. The drift in delay time over a period from 10 seconds to 10 minutes after reaching full voltage.
- 12. The recovery characteristics are controlled on a sampling basis.

# MA91 ADAPTOR ASSEMBLY

In addition to standard top cap connectors and base sockets, adaptor assembly MA91 is available from e2v technologies. This is a five-contact socket fitted with flexible leads and terminal tags, and mounted on an insulating base plate. It provides a conversion from base to flange type mounting.

Further information is contained in the leaflet 'Accessories for Hydrogen Thyratrons'.

# HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARDS

e2v technologies hydrogen thyratrons are safe to handle and operate, provided that the relevant precautions stated herein are observed. e2v technologies does not accept responsibility for damage or injury resulting from the use of electronic devices it produces. Equipment manufacturers and users must ensure that adequate precautions are taken. Appropriate warning labels and notices must be provided on equipments incorporating e2v technologies devices and in operating manuals.

# High Voltage

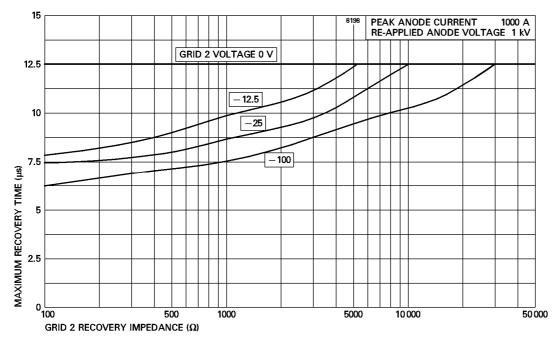
Equipment must be designed so that personnel cannot come into contact with high voltage circuits. All high voltage circuits and terminals must be enclosed and fail-safe interlock switches must be fitted to disconnect the primary power supply and discharge all high voltage capacitors and other stored charges before allowing access. Interlock switches must not be bypassed to allow operation with access doors open.

# X-Ray Radiation

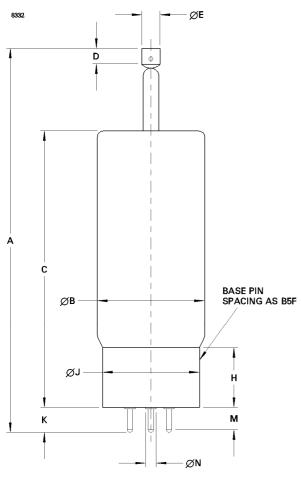
All high voltage devices produce X-rays during operation and may require shielding. The X-ray radiation from hydrogen thyratrons is usually reduced to a safe level by enclosing the equipment or shielding the thyratron with at least 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) thick steel panels.

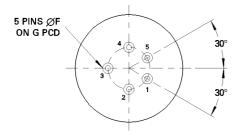
Users and equipment manufacturers must check the radiation level under their maximum operating conditions.

# MAXIMUM RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS



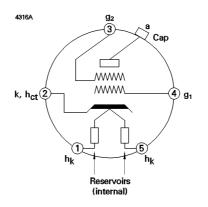
## OUTLINE (All dimensions without limits are nominal)





Ref	Millimetres	Inches
А	$304.8 \pm 12.7$	$12.000\pm0.500$
В	84.12 max	3.312 max
С	$215.9 \pm 12.7$	$8.500\pm0.500$
D	12.7 min	0.500 min
E	$14.38\pm0.18$	$0.566\pm0.007$
F	$4.750\pm0.076$	$0.187\pm0.003$
G	31.75	1.250
Н	49.2	1.937
J	77.77 ± 1.57	$3.062\pm0.062$
К	19.56 max	0.770 max
Μ	14.6 min	0.575 min
Ν	6.6 max	0.260 max

Inch dimensions have been derived from millimetres.



Pin	Element
1	Heater
2	Cathode, connected internally to heater mid-point
3	Grid 2
4	Grid 1
5	Heater
Тор сар	Anode